

# **MathLinks 9 Practice and Homework Book**

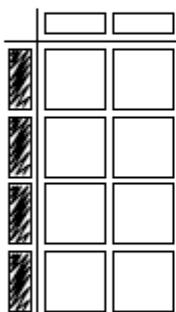
## **Chapter 7 Answers**

### **7 Get Ready**

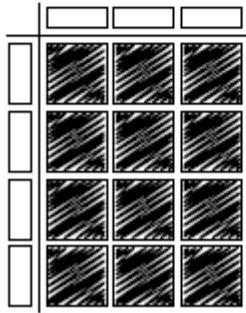
1. a) T; 2 b) B; 2 c) B; 1 d) M; 2
2. Examples:  $3x^2 + 2y - 4x$ ,  $3x + 2xy - 4y$
3. b) and d)
4. a)  $3x^2 - 6x + 5$  b)  $3p^2 - p + 2$
5. a)  $7x - 10$  b)  $2t^2 + 3t + 1$
6. a)  $-7$  b)  $y^2 + 5y - 2$
7. a)  $3x^2 + 8x - 10$  b)  $-y - 9$

### **7.1 Multiplying and Dividing Monomials**

1. a) product;  $-x$ -tiles  
b) division; dividend;  $x$ -tiles  
c) numerical coefficients; exponent rules
2. Example: To divide monomials algebraically, you can divide the numerical coefficients and then use the exponent rules to divide the variables.
3. Orientation of models may vary.  
a)  $-8x^2$

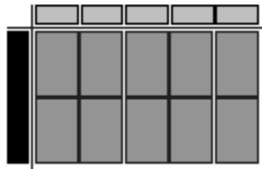


b)  $12x^2$

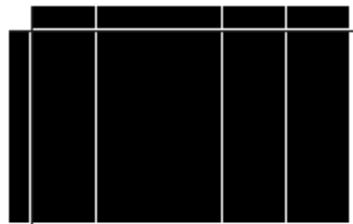


4. a)  $6x^2 \div (-3x) = -2x$  b)  $9xy \div 3x = 3y$

5. a)  $2x$



b)  $3x$



6. a)  $24x^2$  b)  $12x^2$  c)  $-20x$  d) 4

7. a)  $(12x)(4x); 48x^2$  b)  $\frac{(3h)(4b)}{2}; 6bh$

8. 12 m

9. a)  $9x$  b)  $4x$

### **7.2 Multiplying Polynomials by Monomials**

1. a) area b)  $(2x)(3x + 4) = 6x^2 + 8x$
2.  $(-2x)(5x + 6) = (-2x)(5x) + (-2x)(6) = -10x^2 - 12x$

3. Order of factors may vary. Examples:

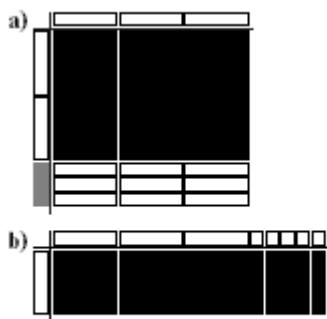
- a)  $(2y)(5y + 2)$  b)  $(4.5t + 2.3)(3.1t)$
- c)  $(x)(x + 1)$  d)  $(2x - 2)(-3x)$

4. Orientation of rectangles may vary. Examples:

a)  $4.6g$   $5$   
 $2.3g$

b)  $5$   $7.2f$   
 $2.1f$

5. Orientation of tiles may vary. Examples:



6. a)  $(1.2z)(-4z) + (1.2z)(2y)$   
b)  $(-2e)(-e) + (-3f)(-e) + (4)(-e)$

7. a)  $-49r^2 - 49rx$   
b)  $28x - 12xy$   
c)  $-0.1ab + 8b^2 - 0.7bc$   
d)  $\frac{3a^2}{2} - a$  or  $\frac{3}{2a^2} - a$

8. Example:  
a)  $(6w - 4)$  m b)  $(2w^2 - 2w)$  m<sup>2</sup>  
9. a)  $48.3 + 2m$ , where  $m$  is the cost of the catch  
of the day  
b)  $(0.15)(48.3 + 2m)$   
c) \$89.93

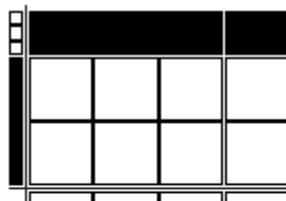
### 7.3 Dividing Polynomials by Monomials

1. numerical coefficients; variables; quotient or divisor; divisor or quotient; product; dividend
2. dividend; quotient; model
3.  $(6x^2 + 8x) \div 2x$ ;  $3x + 4$
4.  $4x^2$ ;  $6x$ ;  $2x$ ;  $3$
5.  $3x - 2$



6.  $2x - 3$

Orientation of tiles may vary. Example:



7. a)  $-6y + 1.8$  b)  $-0.5s + t - 1.5$  or  $-\frac{s}{2} + t - \frac{3}{2}$   
c)  $-0.9d^2 + 0.8d - 0.4$  d)  $y + z + 1$   
8.  $7.5 \div (30x + 22.5)$   
9.  $(3.6x^2 + 7.2x)$  cm<sup>2</sup>  
10.  $5t$  cm  
11. a)  $40\pi$  m<sup>2</sup> b) 5 m c) 4 m

### 7 Chapter Link

1. a)  $768y + 216$  units b)  $32y + 9$  units  
c)  $512j^2 + 288j + 40.5$  units<sup>3</sup> d) 20 bundles  
e)  $12800y^2 + 7200y + 1012.5$  units<sup>3</sup>
2. a)  $(4374k^2 + 1458dp + 972d)$  units<sup>2</sup>  
b)  $(81d^2 + 27dp + 18d)$  units<sup>2</sup>
3. Example: A square carpet with side length  $7.6a + 8.2$  m is cut into 4 square carpets of equal size. What are the side lengths of the smaller carpets?  
Answer:  $(7.6a + 8.2) \div 4 = (1.9a + 2.05)$  m

### 7 Vocabulary Link

Across

5. distributive property

Down

1. polynomial
2. monomial
3. spider map
4. binomial

### Chapters 1–7 Review

1. a)  $5x$ ;  $-20$  b)  $5x + y$ ;  $2x^2 - xy$   
c)  $2x^2 - xy$ ;  $7d^2 - 3cd - 5c + 6$  d)  $c$  and  $d$   
e)  $-20$ ;  $5 + c + d$ ;  $7d^2 - 3cd - 5c + 6$  f)  $5$ ; none
2. a)  $y = 2x + 3$  b)  $y = -\frac{3}{4}x$  or  $-0.75x$  c)  $y = 3$   
d)  $y = 2x^2 - 18$  e)  $y = 11x^3$  f)  $15j^2 - 18j$
3. a)  $-3x - 2y$  b)  $32t + 16$
5. Example:  
a)



- b) 4 c) 4 d)  $90^\circ$ ;  $\frac{1}{4}$   
6. a) 58.27 b)  $-\frac{2}{15}$   
7. a) 24 b) 3 145 728 c) 50 331 648

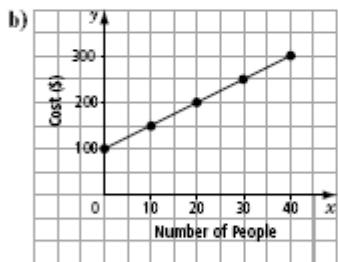
8.

$$\begin{array}{r} 5x^2 + 4x + 20 \\ \hline 4x^2 + 2x + 9 & -x^2 - 2x - 11 \\ \hline 3x^2 + 2x + 5 & -x^2 - 4 & 2x + 7 \end{array}$$

9. a)  $1.3\text{ m}$  b)  $8.62\text{ cm}$  c)  $\frac{1}{3}\text{ m}$

10. a)

Number of People	Cost (\$)
0	100
10	150
20	200
30	250
40	300



- c) \$225 d) 80  
e) Example:  $C = 5n + 100$ , where  $C$  represents the total cost in dollars and  $n$  represents the number of people.

11.

